Housing & School Enrollment

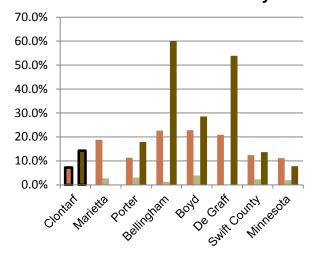
The data presented below includes statistics related to school enrollment and housing in the Region, including median home values, median rent, median monthly housing costs and vacancy rates for communities in the UMVRDC Region as well as the state of Minnesota.

The median home value in Clontarf is below both Swift County and the state of Minnesota, however it is the highest for median home values in similar sized communities. Median rents in Clontarf, however are the lowest among similar sized cities with data available. Monthly housing costs for homeowners are also lower than many other similar sized communities in the Region.

2010 Housing Statistics

City	Median Home Value	Median Rent	Median Monthly Housing Costs
Clontarf	\$81,900	\$310	\$582
Bellingham	\$36,900	N/A	\$917
Boyd	\$22,200	\$535	\$550
De Graff	\$38,400	N/A	\$600
Marietta	\$23,600	N/A	\$560
Porter	\$43,900	\$650	\$863
Swift County	\$97,600	\$453	\$1,024
Minnesota	\$206,200	\$759	\$1,549
		Source: US (Census Bureau, ACS (2006-2010)

2010 Vacancy Rates



Overall Vacancy Rate

■ Home Ownership Vacancy Rate

■ Rental Vacancy Rate

Source: US Census Bureau, Decennial

Home ownership vacancy rate and rental vacancy rate are the proportion of the homeowner or rental inventory that is vacant "for sale" or vacant "for rent." The overall vacancy rate includes other vacancies such as vacant "sold – not occupied," seasonal housing and vacant "rented – not occupied." In 2010, the city of Clontarf had the lowest overall and home ownership vacancy rate among surrounding communities, while the rental vacancy rate was comparable to other communities.

School Enrollment Since 1999

Clontarf is part of the Benson School District, like other school districts in the Region, has seen a steady decline in school enrollment over the past decade, however the decreases in enrollment for the Benson School District are not as dramatic as other districts in the region. Note that data was only available for public school districts.

School District	1999-2000	2005-2006	2010-2011	% Change
Benson School District	1,216	1,050	970	-20.23%
Canby School District	766	581	522	-31.85%
Clinton-Graceville-Beardsley School District	565	434	377	-33.27%
Dawson-Boyd School District	681	544	517	-24.08%
Kerkhoven-Murdock-Sunburg School District	664	585	557	-16.11%
Lac qui Parle Valley School District	1,245	1,007	820	-34.14%
Lakeview School District	589	609	595	1.02%
M.A.C.C.R.A.Y. School District	986	790	674	-31.64%
Montevideo School District	1,599	1,459	1,342	-16.07%
Ortonville School District	717	530	527	-26.50%
Yellow Medicine East School District	1,299	1,081	862	-33.64%
		Source: N	/linnesota Depart	ment of Educatio

Upper Minnesota Valley REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION Helping Communities Prosper

UMVRDC staff developed the concept and design for the Community Profile Brochures and data was collected by students and staff from the Center for Small Towns at the University of Minnesota, Morris. All information was collected from trusted sources such as the U.S. Census Bureau, the American Community Survey, Minnesota Department of Employment & Economic Development (DEED), and the Minnesota Department of Education and is presumed to be accurate.

2010 Census Data for Clontarf, Minnesota

Helping Communities Prosper

Upper Minnesota Valley

REGIONAL





This Community Profile Brochure is comprised of statistical information from a variety of sources and will provide a snapshot of historical and current demographic, economic and social trends in the Upper Minnesota Valley Region. Having clear and concise community statistics will provide for more informed decision making about community development and business expansion, relocation and future investments.

This statistical and informational profile was compiled by the UMVRDC in collaboration with The Center for Small Towns at the University of Minnesota, Morris for all five counties (Big Stone, Chippewa, Lac qui Parle, Swift and Yellow Medicine) and 37 cities in our Upper Minnesota Valley region.



Demographics

The demographic profile below provides a snapshot of Clontarf and surrounding communities' historical, current and future population trends including population distribution and make up.

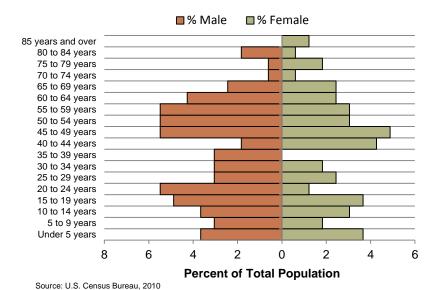
Comparison Historical Population from 1960 to 2010

		•					
City	1960	1970	1980	1990	2000	2010	% Change
Clontarf	139	147	196	172	173	164	17.99%
Households	45	57	NA	66	62	64	42.22%
Average Household Size	3.09	2.58	NA	2.61	2.79	2.56	-17.04%
Boyd	419	311	329	251	210	175	-58.23%
Bellingham	327	263	290	247	205	168	-48.62%
De Graff	196	195	179	149	133	115	-41.33%
Marietta	327	264	279	211	174	162	-50.46%
Porter	261	207	211	210	190	183	-29.89%
Swift County	14,936	13,177	12,920	10,724	11,956	9,783	-34.50%
	•	•		•	•	Source:	US Census Bureau

Clontarf Population Projections

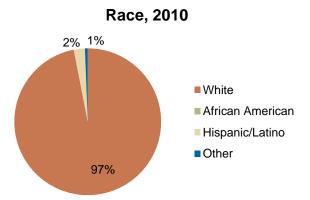
	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	% Change
Clontarf	135	129	124	118	113	-16.30%
Swift County	10,510	10,300	10,150	9,960	9,800	-6.76%
UMVRDC Region	45,510	45,300	45,000	44,500	44,110	-3.08%

Clontarf Population Distribution, 2010



The population distribution shows a high percentage of the population in the middle and younger age cohorts, but no females in the 35-39 years age cohort as of 2010. Clontarf also has a relatively low percentage of the population in the age cohorts over 70 years, which is somewhat uncommon for the small rural communities in the Region. Clontarf has a nearly all white population, which is typical for a community of its size.

Clontarf has seen an overall increase in population of nearly 18 percent from 1960-2010. Although Clontarf's population has decreased from the 2000 Census to the latest 2010 Census, it is one of the only communities in the Region that has experienced overall growth from the period of 1960 to 2010. This growth trend for Clontarf, however is not expected to continue. The city is projected to lose population over the next few decades.



Source: US Census Bureau, Decennial Census

Economic

The employment and industry data below represents a picture of the overall economic health of Clontarf and Swift County. This data shows the diversity of the Region's economy.

Annual Median Household Income:

- City of Clontarf \$44,375
- Big Stone \$44,438
- Chippewa \$44,712
- Lac qui Parle \$48,269
- Swift \$43,846
- Yellow Medicine \$50,740
- UMVRDC Region \$46,401
- Minnesota \$57,243

Source: 2007-2011 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau

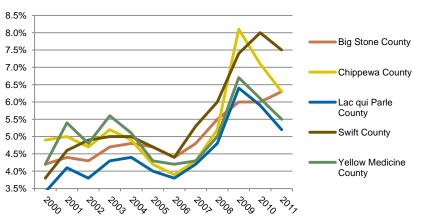
Types of Employment in Clontarf, 2011

Types of Industry	Number of Employees	Number of Firms	Total Wages	Average Weekly Wage
Public Administration	9	1	\$98,635	\$206
Total, All Industries	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Source: Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development, QCEW

The employment categories shown in the table

Unemployment Rates, 2000-2011



above and chart below show the 11 Super Sectors of Industry, which is the federal standard in data pertaining to business and industry. In Clontarf, there is some activity within the 11 Super Sectors, however data for the total number of employees and firms are not available, so a comparison of how much activity is within the super sectors is unavailable The pie chart below details that in Swift County, about half of all employment comes from the Education and Health Services and Trade, Transportation, and Utilities sectors. Swift County had a slight increase in unemployment during the Recession of 2007-2009, but in 2011 had an unemployment rate under 7.5%.

Source: Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development, LAUS

Employment by Industry in Swift County, 2011

